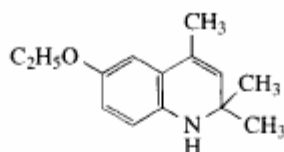


## Ethoxyquin

6-Ethoxy-1,2-dihydro-2,2,4-trimethylquinoline



C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NO

Formula wt, monomer 217.31

INS: 324

CAS: [91-53-2]

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### DESCRIPTION

Ethoxyquin is a mixture consisting predominantly of the monomer (C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NO). It occurs as a clear liquid that may darken with age without affecting its antioxidant activity. Its specific gravity is about 1.02, and its refractive index is about 1.57.

**Functional Use in Foods** Antioxidant.

### REQUIREMENTS

**Identification** A solution of 1 mg of the sample in 10 mL of acetonitrile exhibits a strong fluorescence when viewed under short-wavelength ultraviolet light.

**Assay** Not less than 90.0% of C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NO.

**Heavy Metals** (as Pb) Not more than 10 mg/kg.

### TESTS

**Assay** Transfer about 200 mg of the sample, accurately weighed, into a 150-mL beaker containing 50 mL of glacial acetic acid, and immediately titrate with 0.1 N perchloric acid in glacial acetic acid, determining the endpoint potentiometrically. Perform a blank determination and make any necessary correction (see *General Provisions*). Each mL of 0.1 N perchloric acid is equivalent to 21.73 mg of C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NO (monomer).

**Heavy Metals** Prepare and test a 2-g sample as directed in *Method II* under the *Heavy Metals Test*, Appendix IIIB, using 20 µg of lead ion (Pb) in the control (*Solution A*).

**Packaging and Storage** Store in tightly closed carbon steel or black iron (not rubber, neoprene, or nylon) containers in a cool, dark place. Prolonged exposure to sunlight causes polymerization.